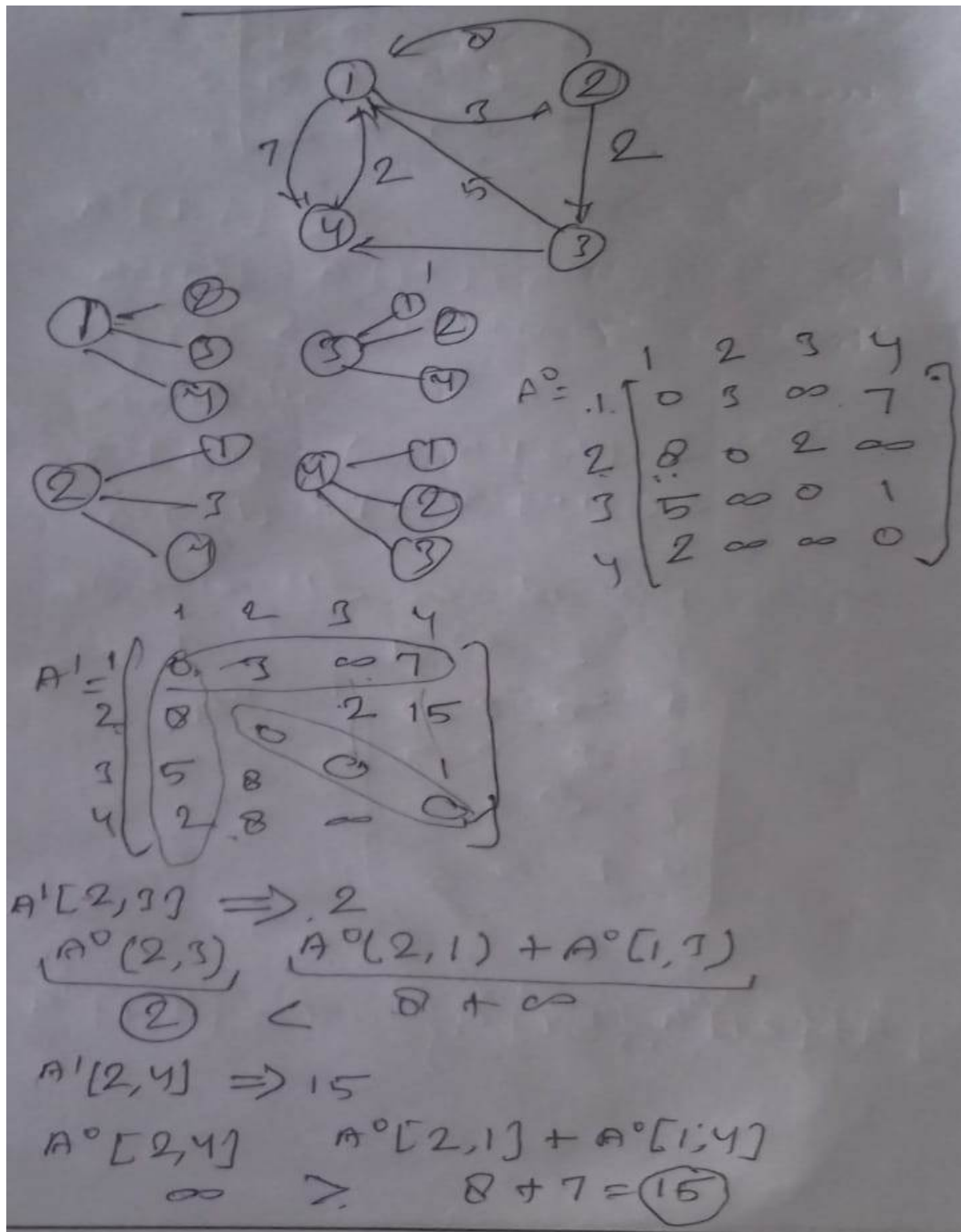


All pair shortest path problem:



$$A^1[3,2] \Rightarrow 8$$

$$A^0[3,2] = A^0[3,1] + A^0[1,2] \\ \infty > 5 + 3 = \textcircled{8}$$

Similarly

$$A^1[3,4] \Rightarrow 1$$

$$A^1[4,2] \Rightarrow 8$$

$$A^1[4,3] = \infty$$

Now $A^2 =$

	1	2	3	4
1	6	3	5	7
2	8	0	2	15
3	5	8	0	1
4	2	8	7	0

$$A^2[1,3] \Rightarrow 5$$

$$A^1[1,3] = A^1[1,2] + A^1[2,3] \\ \infty > 3 + 2 = \textcircled{5}$$

$$A^2[1,4] \Rightarrow 7$$

$$A^1[1,4] = A^1[2,2] + A^1[2,4] \\ \textcircled{7} < 3 + 15$$

Similarly

$$A^2[3,1] \Rightarrow 5$$

$$A^2[4,1] \Rightarrow 2$$

$$A^2[3,4] \Rightarrow 1$$

$$A^2[4,3] = 7$$

$$A^1 = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 8 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$A^3[1,2] \Rightarrow 3$$

$$A^2[1,2] \quad A^2[1,3] + A^2[3,2]$$

$$(3) < 5 + 8$$

Similarly.

$$A^3[1,4] \Rightarrow 6, \quad A^3[2,4] = 3, \quad A^3[4,2] \Rightarrow 5$$

$$A^3[2,1] \Rightarrow 7, \quad A^3[4,1] \Rightarrow 2,$$

Now in the similar way we can find

$$A^4 = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 5 & 6 \\ 5 & 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 6 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

Formula is

$$A^k[i,j] = \min \left\{ A^{k-1}[i,j], A^{k-1}[i,k] + A^{k-1}[k,j] \right\}$$

```

for (k=1; k<=n; k++)
{
    for (i=1; i<=n; i++)
    {
        for (j=1; j<=n; j++)
        {
            A[i][j] = min(A[i][j], A[i][k] + A[k][j])
        }
    }
}

```

$$T(n) = O(n^3)$$